

DOWNLOAD PDF SECTION II DESCENDANTS OF FRANCIS3 FINCHER OF S.C.

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Fincher in the USA, by Evelyn Davis Fincher, , SECTION II DESCENDANTS OF FRANCIS3 FINCHER OF S.C. Francis3 Fincher of S.C.- - - - -

At the age of seven, the family moved to St. It was expected that young William would enter the family business when he came of age, but early on, he showed an interest in the natural world. These interests extended to botany, reading, maps, and exploring the countryside. He also showed a talent for languages. He was an early naturalist and by the age of seventeen, he had first-hand knowledge of numerous rivers and coastal areas of New Brunswick as well as the flora and fauna of the province. His explorations would continue throughout his life, both on his own and with one or more companions including Arthur H. Furbish and George Upham Hay. The next year, he went to Boston where in , he received an A. He obtained a doctorate in biology from the University of Munich in and published two papers in the German language. They married in The marriage lasted thirty-two years until her death in They had no children. Career in botany[edit] After graduating from Harvard, Ganong was appointed an assistant instructor in botany there. He stayed at Harvard for a few years until May , when he accepted an appointment as Professor of Botany at Smith College. It was a position he would fill for 36 years. He was also director of the Botanic Garden at Smith. Ganong , was responsible for developing the Garden, which had been laid out by Frederick Law Olmsted in The outdoor environment at Smith thus became and remains a place of learning for students of botany and horticulture. He ensured that the range and quality of equipment available to students was high, and the department was able to attain a positive academic reputation. Enrollment in the introductory elective class peaked at in Ganong retired from Smith College in He was elected President of the Botanical Society of America in Historian and cartographer[edit] Ganong undertook historical work during his teaching career. In summers, he would return to New Brunswick to study and document the historical geography of the province. Among his surveys were St. In he presented a paper on the cartography of the Gulf of Saint Lawrence from the s to Later, in the s, he published an additional nine articles in the Transactions on what he termed the crucial maps in the early cartography and place-nomenclature of the region. The articles were drawn together and published in book form by the University of Toronto Press in His work on place-nomenclature is still widely referenced. In his explorations, he also had a chance to name several geographical features in the largely unexplored central and northern parts of New Brunswick, including Mount Carleton , the highest summit in the province, which he named after the first Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, Thomas Carleton. Another mountain to the north of Mount Carleton was named for Ganong in by his friend and naturalist Mauran Furbish. He actually went to the places he wrote about. In addition to document-based research and translation, Ganong prepared maps, took photographs and gave slide presentations. He often collaborated with others. One frequent collaborator was Dr. John Clarence Webster , for whom he prepared numerous maps and other contributions. He also took a great interest in the international border between New Brunswick and Maine. Because of this interest and expertise he was asked to take part in the cross-border tercentennial celebrations on the St. Croix River in The couple had two children, William Francis Ganong Jr. Ganong died at his summer home outside Saint John in Ganong Mountain in northern New Brunswick was named for him in

Chapter 2 : South Carolina in the Civil War

This section is a placeholder for information about the Fincher surname. Surname information is crowd-sourced; the Geni community would be grateful if you helped update this page with information about the Fincher surname.

Receive free daily summaries of new opinions from the Supreme Court of Texas. Concluding that the statute of limitations was not tolled, we affirm the trial court's take-nothing summary judgment on Bashaw's action for a bill of review. On August 11, , the Comptroller sued Bashaw for delinquent motor vehicle sales taxes. A default judgment was entered against Bashaw for the amount of the delinquent taxes on September 21, . Bashaw filed for Chapter 7 bankruptcy protection on February 1, , and received a discharge on October 8, . On March 30, , Bashaw filed a petition for bill of review challenging the default judgment obtained by the Comptroller in September for the delinquent taxes. The Comptroller responded with a motion for summary judgment, asserting that Bashaw was barred from recovery by the four-year statute of limitations governing bills of review. The trial court granted summary judgment in favor of the Comptroller on the basis of limitations. On appeal, Bashaw asserts that the automatic stay provision of the United States Bankruptcy Code tolled the statute of limitations for filing his bill of review. Section of the bankruptcy code automatically stays the continuation of a judicial action on a claim against the debtor. Characterizing the bill of review as a continuation of the tax collection suit, Bashaw contends that the automatic stay tolled the statute of limitations for filing his bill of review for the 20 months during which his bankruptcy proceeding was pending. The Comptroller responds that the automatic stay provision of the bankruptcy code does not apply to Bashaw's bill of review because it is not a continuation of a judicial action on a claim against the debtor. A bill of review is an independent action to set aside a judgment that is no longer appealable or subject to challenge by a motion for new trial. The Fourteenth Court has addressed the question of whether the automatic stay in bankruptcy applies to an action for a bill of review: The automatic stay of the bankruptcy code applies only to actions against the debtor. It does not apply to a debtor's offensive claims. Appellant [debtor] brought the bill of review and was the party seeking relief. Therefore, the Bill of Review was not an action against him, and the automatic stay did not apply. Citing this authority, the Comptroller asks this Court to conclude that the automatic stay did not apply to 2 Bashaw's bill of review, and to hold that the statute of limitations for filing a bill of review continued to run throughout the pendency of Bashaw's bankruptcy proceeding. We need not decide whether the automatic stay applies to actions for a bill of review because application of the stay does not affect the result of this case. As explained below, application of the automatic stay does not toll, suspend, or otherwise extend the filing deadline for a bill of review such that Bashaw's filing in this case was timely. Bashaw urges this Court to treat his bill of review like an appeal of the judgment in the Comptroller's suit against him and to conclude that the automatic stay on suits against him tolled the deadline for filing his bill of review. However, Bashaw's argument incorrectly assumes that the application of the automatic stay to appeals somehow tolls or suspends appellate deadlines. Several Texas courts of appeals have held that the automatic stay provided by section of the United States Bankruptcy Code does not operate to toll any state appellate deadlines. *San Antonio* , no writ ; *Raley v. Waco* , writ denied. This is true even though a debtor 1 An appeal is a continuation of a judicial action, and it is automatically stayed if it is taken by either party from an action against the debtor. In this case, Bashaw had until September 21, , to file a bill of review attacking the default judgment entered against him on September 21, . He filed for Chapter 7 bankruptcy protection on February 1, , and received a discharge on October 8, . During this time, continuation of litigation against Bashaw was stayed. However, even if the automatic stay prevented Bashaw from filing a bill of review during the pendency of the stay, the deadline for filing a bill of review was in no way tolled or extended beyond September 21, . Therefore, even under Bashaw's theory of the case, his petition for bill of review, which was filed on March 30, , was time barred. *Austin* , no pet. In that case, Hartwin Peterson executed a promissory note with the Bank, defaulted on the note, and then filed for bankruptcy three months later. The Bank was 2 If

the deadline for filing an appeal of a judgment on a claim against the debtor expires during the pendency of the automatic stay, section c of the United States Bankruptcy Code provides for an extension of the deadline for 30 days after notice of the termination or expiration of the stay under section . Section c , like section , does not operate to toll any appellate deadlines. Almost one year after the stay was lifted, the Bank sued on the note and was granted summary judgment. On appeal, Peterson contended that the four-year statute of limitations had run on the debt and that the Bank missed the day grace period to file suit under section c. The Bank responded that the statute of limitations had been tolled during the automatic stay under the common law rule that where a person is prevented from exercising his legal remedy by the pendency of legal proceedings, the time during which he is thus prevented should not be counted against him in determining whether limitations have barred his right. Reasoning that the Bank could not have brought a cause of action on the debt if the bankruptcy court had found the note subject to discharge, this Court held that when a claimant is prohibited from bringing suit by the Bankruptcy Code s automatic-stay provision, the statute of limitations is tolled until the stay is lifted. In affirming the summary judgment, this Court explained that our state s common law, and not the federal bankruptcy law, tolls the statute of limitations. The holding in Peterson is consistent with our holding in this case. Although Texas common law tolls the statute of limitations on a claim against the debtor during a bankruptcy stay, [t]here is no statute, procedural rule or common law principle that suspends the appellate timetable during an automatic bankruptcy stay. Therefore, if we adopt Bashaw s position and treat his bill of review like an appeal of a judgment against him, the post-judgment time period for filing a bill of review, like other appellate deadlines, would not be tolled for the length of the automatic stay. If, on the other hand, we treat Bashaw s bill of review like 5 the commencement of a new action against the Comptroller, the automatic stay does not apply and the action is merely governed by a four-year statute of limitations. Bashaw s petition for bill of review is untimely under either theory. Because we conclude that Bashaw s petition for bill of review is untimely regardless of whether the automatic stay provision of the bankruptcy code applies, we do not address whether the automatic stay applies to bills of review. Smith, Pemberton and Waldrop; Justice B. Smith Not Participating Affirmed Filed: May 25, 6 Search this Case.

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Chapter 3 : John Paul II Institute - Wikipedia

Return to home page. Return to surname list. The following is a register report. Use your browser edit/find to search for specific names.. DESCENDANTS OF FRANCIS FINCHER 1. Francis FINCH.

Descendants of Francis Fincher Generation No. Francis1 Fincher was born Abt. She was born Abt. Notes for Francis Fincher: Submitted by Buel D. Rodgers, Warner Robins, GA. Children of Francis Fincher and Joan Farmer are: Notes for John Fincher: Originally listed as a son of Francis The Elder, but Francis the Elder would have been to young, so I moved John into the sibling category. September 14, , Upton, Snodsbury, Worcester, England 4 iii. Notes for Elizabeth Fincher: Elizabeth, like John, may have been a sibling to Francis, "the elder", rather than a daughter, due to the dates, and the repetition of the name Francis. Originally listed as a daughter of Frances The Elder. I moved Elizabeth into the sibling category as birthdates, etc. April 17, , Upton, Snodsbury, Worcester, England. He married 1 Anne Unknown. He married 2 Alice Hart Abt. Notes for Francis The Elder Fincher: Also same source lists a William Fincher, son of Joshua, buried Feb. Children and dates source: Children of Francis Fincher and Alice Hart are: More About Margaret Fincher: September 30, , Himbleton, Tomes, Worcester,England 8 iv. Notes for Ann Fincher: Have alternate birth date as He married 1 Elizabeth Unknown in England. She died in England, Worchester. He married 2 Mary Achelley June 03, in England. She was born WFT Est. Notes for The Immigrant Francis, Fincher: Francis, "The Immigrant ", was one of the early settlers with a land grant from William Penn. He was asked to be the speaker of the First Assembly of PA in , but declined. He took an active part in politics and government. He is referenced in the book, "History of York Co. Chicago , p. I believe alot of other information can be found on this man though the PA history resources. Lord willing, I will check them out one day. The original land patent was granted to Francis from William Penn, by a warrant dated 25 April It consisted of at least acres, and was described as follows by Wickert Levering of the county of Philadelphia, Yoeman, as follows: It was conveyed for the sum of sixty pounds. This purchase gave Levering continuous acres, which today is part of the " Pride of the Philadelphians", Fairmount Park, which includes the Levering Cemetery. It is not known, yet, which ship Francis emigrated on, but it could be that he traveled from England with William Penn. If this is true, the following story will be of great interest. It was found in , having been kept in the archives of an old Quaker Meeting in Rhode Island. It was printed in the New York Learner and Teacher, and is as follows: To ye aged and Beloved, MR. There be now at sea, a ship called the Welcome, which has on board an hundred or more of the heretics and malignants called Quakers, with W. Penn, who is the chief scamp, at the head of them. The general court has accordingly given secret orders to Master Malachi Huscott, of the brig Porpoise to waylay the said Welcome, slyly, as near the cape of Cod as may be, and make captive the said Penn and his ungodly crew, so that the Lord may be glorified, and not mocked on the soil of this new country with the heathen worship of these people. Much spoil can be made by selling the whole lot to Barbadoes, where slaves fetch good prices in rum and sugar, and we shall not only do the Lord great service by punishing the wicked, but we shall make great good for his minister and people. Master Huscott feels hopeful, and I will set down the news when the ship comes back. He and Her ancestors were bitter enemies from the start. Notes for Armel Fincher: Armel, Rebecca and John Fincher are listed in the Ency. Notes for Caleb Fincher: More About Caleb Fincher: Children of The Francis and Mary Achelley are: Source of death date: She married 1 William Corker. She married 2 Henry Hamms Child of Rebecca Fincher and William Corker is: Notes for Sarah Fincher: Sarah and Daniel were married at the home of William Harwood. Children of Sarah Fincher and Daniel Flower are: Caleb5 Flower, born ; died Unknown. Joseph Flower, born ; died Unknown. Fincher Flower, born ; died Unknown. Mary Flower, born ; died Unknown. John Flower, born ; died Unknown. Sarah Flower, born ; died Unknown. Samuel Flower, died Unknown. Notes for Joshua Fincher: Source for death date: The Chronicle of the Yerkes Family, with Notes on the Leech and Rutter Families, page , states that in a Captain Jacob Leech ran for one of two positions where you were elected by the people. The position he ran for was

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that of Coroner of the County of Philadelphia. His opponent was Joshua Fincher. Children of Joshua Fincher and Elizabeth Harwood are: Notes for Mary Fincher: Notes for William Fincher: He married 1 Martha Taylor Abt. He married 2 Elinor Norman July 27, He married 3 Suzanne Parkes John may have been a twin to Mary. Children of John Fincher and Martha Taylor are: Jonathan⁵ Fincher, born in Newton, Chester Co. Sarah Fincher, born September 06, in PA; died Notes for Nathaniel Newlin: Last name may have been spelled Newlin. Francis Fincher, born in Newton, Chester Co. John Fincher, born ; died He married 1 Unknown. She was born in PA, and died Unknown. Notes for Jonathan Fincher: It is thought that this wedding took place during or after an early Quaker meeting at said home.. Francis Fincher was also present. Notes for Deborah Dix: Last name may have been spelled Dicks, born in Newton, PA. Jonathan⁶ Fincher, born in Chester Co. Joshua Fincher, born in Chester Co.

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Chapter 4 : Lothair II, Holy Roman Emperor - Wikipedia

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He was a man very high esteemed by his fellow citizens, and has departed from among them, very much regretted This early 19th century Federal Style house has been restored and contains furnishings once owned by the Gist family. An outstanding hardwood grove is located near the mansion and the spacious grounds include the rose gardens and original plantation buildings. The surrounding Sumter Natl. Forest and nearby Tyger River offer a variety of outdoor activities. The house is listed on the National Historic Register. Francis Fincher Gist 1 Christopher Gist. May 13, in She was identified as daughter of George Bowen d: May 06, in SC Father: George Bowen, Esq Capt Mother: Maria Tabitha Conant Canant April 25, in Union Co, SC d: August 21, in Union co, SC April 16, m: June 09, in est Union Co, SC d: December 07, in Union Co, SC June 03, d: August 06, in Union Co, SC October 14, d: August 20, in Union Co, SC d: April 11, m: October 10, in Union Co, SC d: June 13, in est Union co, SC Father: April 28, d: March 28, d: October 09, in Union Co, SC d: September 06, in Union Co, SC March 17, d: December 11, d: July 19, d: February 05, in Charleston?

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Chapter 5 : Hewitt Cemetery F Surnames, Carter County, Oklahoma

When Francis FINCHER was born on January 17, , in Worcester, Worcestershire, his father, Francis, was 22 and his mother, Joan, was He married Alice HART in in Worcester, Worcestershire. They had one child during their marriage. He died in in Himbleton, Worcestershire, at the age of.

He married Jennet Little Bef. McNair Children of Rev. Malcom McNair and Jennet Little are: Anabella McNair, born Bet. She married Duncan McNair. Duncan5 McNair, died 17 Sep He married Mollie Ramsey 10 Jan Malcolm McNair, born 18 Dec ; died 11 Jul Rory McNair, born 01 Aug ; died 15 Dec Jane Smiley5 McDonald, born Abt. Margaret McDonald, born Abt. Evander McDonald, born Bet. Caroline McDonald, born Bet. Neill Archibald McDonald, born Bet. William Paisley McDonald, born Bet. McKay to Miss Catharine B. McNair, daughter of the Rev. Archibald Sellers MacKay is: He married Loula McNeill 21 Jul He married Mary Smith 16 Oct She married James T. He married Cammie McCaskill 18 Jan She married Thomas Joseph Thadius Stribling. She married Wesley Lewis. She married Thomas Henry Luby Abt. She married John M. Children of Catherine L. McDonald and John M. James Frank McMillan, born Abt. He married Eula C. Eliza Lydia McMillan, born Jul , Murray McMillan, born 05 Jul ,,; died Abt. He married Maggie Ingram. She married Micajah Pope Sanders. He was born 14 Nov in Georgia, and died 22 Jan John Sanders, born 24 Apr ; died 18 Nov He married Mattie Thomas. Arantha Sanders, born Abt. He married Anna Elizabeth Fincher. Children of Hugh W. McDonald and Anna Elizabeth Fincher are: She married Thurman Hooper. He married Mary Ella Hays Bef. She was born 30 Jun in Alabama, and died 16 Sep McDonald and Mary Ella Hays are: Walter6 McDonald, died 10 May Mary McDonald, died 04 Apr She married Oscar M. He married Caroline McNair Bef. Child of James M. McDonald and Caroline McNair is: He was born in Bladen Co, NC. He married Aline Brady. She was born 08 Feb , and died 14 Aug He married Martha T. She married Ernest P. She married Fred Randle. DAR Centennial Index, Andrew Miller July 1, e-mail. Andrew Miller July 2, e-mail. North Carolina Ancestry Register, Centennial Adress, Fayetteville Presbytery, by Rev. Minutes Fayetteville Presbytery 27 Sept. Compiled by Peggy T. Townsend, Vanishing Ancestors Vol 3. Confederate Army Records, Mississippi Archives. Mississippi Certificate of Death James Kennedy Winfield Family Bible Winfield Family Bible

Chapter 6 : RootsWeb's WorldConnect Project: Quaker, New England, and Kersey Genealogy

Biography. When Francis FINCHER was born in his father, Thomas, was 29 and his mother, Isabell, was He married Joan FARMER on January 17, , in Worcester, Worcestershire.

President Harry Truman , a Democrat, vetoed the Act because he regarded the bill as "un-American" and discriminatory. His veto message said: We do not need to be protected against immigrants from these countriesâ€”on the contrary we want to stretch out a helping hand, to save those who have managed to flee into Western Europe, to succor those who are brave enough to escape from barbarism, to welcome and restore them against the day when their countries will, as we hope, be free again. These are only a few examples of the absurdity, the cruelty of carrying over into this year of the isolationist limitations of our law. In no other realm of our national life are we so hampered and stultified by the dead hand of the past, as we are in this field of immigration. Speaking in the Senate on March 2, , McCarran said: I take no issue with those who would praise the contributions which have been made to our society by people of many races, of varied creeds and colors. However, we have in the United States today hard-core, indigestible blocs which have not become integrated into the American way of life, but which, on the contrary are its deadly enemies. Today, as never before, untold millions are storming our gates for admission and those gates are cracking under the strain. The solution of the problems of Europe and Asia will not come through a transplanting of those problems en masse to the United States. Provisions[edit] The Act abolished racial restrictions found in United States immigration and naturalization statutes going back to the Naturalization Act of The Act retained a quota system for nationalities and regions. Eventually, the Act established a preference system which determined which ethnic groups were desirable immigrants and placed great importance on labor qualifications. The Act defined three types of immigrants: It expanded the definition of the "United States" for nationality purposes, which already included Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands , to add Guam. Persons born in these territories on or after December 24, acquire U. Small, token quotas of about people per country were established for the countries of Asia. However, people of Asian descent but who were citizens of a non-Asian country counted towards the quota of their Asian ancestral country. It was used to ban members and former members and " fellow travelers " of the Communist Party from entry into the United States, even those who had not been associated with the party for decades. The act also allowed the government to prevent polygamists from entering the country. Naturalization[edit] A guideline explained procedures under the Act: This form may be obtained from any office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, a division of the Department of Justice, or from any court authorized to naturalize aliens. Before applying, an alien must be at least 18 years old and must have been lawfully admitted to live permanently in the United States. He must have lived in the United States for five years and for the last six months in the state where he seeks to be naturalized. In some cases, he need only have lived three years in the United States. He must be of good moral character and "attached to the principles of the Constitution". The law states that an alien is not of good moral character if he is a drunkard, has committed adultery, has more than one wife, makes his living by gambling, has lied to the Immigration and Naturalization Service, has been in jail more than days for any reason during his five years in the United States, or is a convicted murderer. Enforcement[edit] The following list provides examples of those who were excluded from the Act prior to the amendment. Among those listed, there are noted communists, socialists, and anti-American sympathizers.

Chapter 7 : Francis Fincher () | WikiTree FREE Family Tree

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He acted autonomously, vesting Count Adolf of Schauenburg with Holstein in , was temporarily deposed in but reinstated after he tactically submitted himself to the rule of Henry V. In however, he joined the rebellious Saxon forces which defeated those of the Emperor in the Battle of Welfesholz. Reign[edit] After the death of Emperor Henry V in , Lothair was viewed by the Imperial chancellor, the Archbishop of Mainz , as a perfect candidate. Frederick attempted to succeed to the throne of the Holy Roman Emperor formally known as the King of the Romans through a customary election, but lost to the Saxon duke Lothair of Supplinburg. Lothair attempted to seize the crown lands following approval from a group of nobles meeting in Regensburg, which provoked Staufen reaction. Lothair then moved further. In he took two strong Staufen cities, Nuremberg and Speyer. Conrad failed to make anything of his visit to Italy, and returned in with nothing to show for it, which assured at least a partial victory for Lothair. The king had an opportunity to take advantage of the situation and reassert imperial control over the papacy, but choosing instead to deal with the Staufen resistance, he let his inferiors make the decision. He did, however, maintain the rights secured by the Concordat of Worms. While he carefully avoided any cities that were hostile, he did attempt to besiege Milan, which failed due to the small army he had at his disposal. He also recognized papal claims to the Matildine lands formerly owned by Countess Matilda of Tuscany , in exchange receiving those lands as fiefs. The Staufen brothers, falling short on resources, were compelled to submit. Advancing deep into the southern part of the peninsula, the two armies met at Bari , and continued further south in Roger offered to give Apulia as a fief of the Empire to one of his sons and give another son as a hostage; terms which Lothair refused after being pressured by Innocent. The German troops, however, were adamant against campaigning during the hot summer and revolted. There he had copper coins follari minted in his name. Burial place of Lothair II: Being a Saxon, he gave more attention to the region than previous emperors. In he appointed Conrad the Great of Wettin , already margrave of Meissen, to the position of margrave of Lausitz, uniting the two marches. In addition, he petitioned the pope to expand the rights of the Archbishopric of Bremen and Archbishopric of Magdeburg in the area. King Eric II of Denmark was made a vassal of the emperor in , becoming a member of the Reichstag. By his wife, Richenza of Northeim , Lothair had only one surviving child, a daughter Gertrude , born 18 April When Henry the Proud, son-in-law and heir of Lothair and the most powerful prince in Germany, who had been passed over in the election, refused to acknowledge the new king, Conrad III deprived him of all his territories. This section needs additional citations for verification. Please help improve this article by adding citations to reliable sources. Unsourced material may be challenged and removed. November Learn how and when to remove this template message In , one Saxon noble named Liutger was mentioned as a count in the Harzgau subdivision of Eastphalia.

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Chapter 8 : William Francis Ganong - Wikipedia

The Following is what I know of the children of John Bowater. By his first wife, Ann Carter, I know of only one child: THOMAS BOWATER, This is our line and his life is covered in the following section.

In the Office of the Librarian of Congress. He was a plush-maker. Rebecca, who married Al il H r B 1 Rachel. After a lapse of nine montl fecte I and Rachel was l. It is an extract from the recoids of New Garden Monthly Meeting: Here they lost re the r sons Abel and John, were born. Where no date of lereon death has not occurred. The figures at the ends of am s in that l ne are carried, and the figures above names at imes und r th m ar brought. Both died i of New Market, where Lived at New Market, Md. Content died in Adams Co. He moved 6, 37, Lived in Washington, D. Lived two mil Ruth Gri , Va. Sarah Roberts i, 39, 1S6 10, Iren of above b. Married 6, 10, 8,3,1. Married 11,37, Lewis Coale She of Waterford, Va. He of Frederick Co. He of Harford Co. Both died in Waterford, Va. He of Loudoun Co. Lived 10, 36, J of Frederick Co. Lived at New Market. Jesse Russel 3, 13, I Hendricks 3, 8, 1. Shoaffer Horn and died Adams Co. Lived in Vigo Co. Flemii i - - , Ind. Pennville, It e b. Lived in New Market, Md. She moved to Union BridKe, Md. C; he in Germany. Reside in Waehingluu m Washington,. Ill, 10, Charles H. B, 11, Joshua Brow Va, He died in Marshall Co. He 11, 14, Liv Lived in well Co. Now at Holder, She died at Delavan, Settled in Illinois, Living at Vermont, Settled in Illinois in 1S3S. Married 3, 23, 1 , 10, The first 2, 10, The last liviner there. New Market until Married 1, 38, 9, 10, 2, a4, Lived nea ter No issue. Lived at New Market, Md.. Died near New Market, Md. Living at Union Bridge, Md. He c Both died there. John Russell 12, 11, Ann Hughes 6, 6, K Rachel Steer Phebe A. Buckingham 9, 24, Now i She of Carroll Co. Living at Union Bridge,: Living at "Woodbury, N. She of Montgomery Co. Living near New Market, Md. Died near New Market Md. Fairfax 6, 6 Second Wife. Penton 13, 15, Canbv 10, 31, He born Prince Wm. Both born Loudoun Co.. George Elliott 3, 31, The family moved to Iowa IH. Keith Richn , James W. Cooper 6, 10, Lived at West Liberty, Iowa. Since his de living at West Liberty, Iowa. Was killed by an accident in a steam saw mill, near West Liberty, li , West Liberty, Iowa, where they lived all the P. Lived at West Liberty, Ic He b. Living in West Liberty. Elizabeth Nichols , 15, Sallie E. Hatcher 11, 37, Moved to Cedar Co. Living there, e b. Loudoun Co , Va. V, hence to Chauute, P. David Meredith She b. Matilda McLaughlii 8,31, Married 5, 14, Eihvard H. Brown 3, 30, 18c-i6. Married 7, 3, Elc 7, 3, John S. Roberts 5, 6, Churchman 13, 3, New York City; he Peekskill, N. New York City; he Peekskill, N. Born New York City. Died in Brookly, N. New York City ; she in Brooklyn, N.

Chapter 9 : Fincher in the USA, (edition) | Open Library

The family fled France in for refuge in Scotland after the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, because they had strong protestant convictions. They lived in Scotland a short time, then moved to Ulster, Northern Ireland, where they 'found blood kinsman of the Pickens family'.