

Chapter 1 : Pocket Guide to Workplace Rights of Public Employees | California Public Employee Relations

*Berkeley Guides: California ' On the Loose, On the Cheap, Off the Beaten Path [Fodor's] on blog.quintoapp.com *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. Provides information on affordable travel in California.*

Visiting Scholars California Ballot Measures Since , California has allowed ordinary citizens to create statutory and constitutional law via initiatives, referenda, and recall elections, in addition to the previously existing mechanism for popular voting on initiatives sponsored by the Legislature. This guide will point you to major sources for researching the text, status, legislative history, electoral results, and post-election disposition of such measures. Background Before beginning research on ballot initiatives, you should have a basic understanding of the types of propositions that may appear on a ballot and processes involved with each. For further information on initiatives, referenda and recall elections: L LLJ Online version via Hein Online on-campus or proxy server access required Legislative Initiatives Prior to , only the Legislature could place an initiative on the ballot for direct voting by the electorate, and this mechanism is still in use, most commonly for bond measures. Propositions relating to one of three topics can be placed on the ballot by the Legislature: Direct and Indirect Initiatives Direct initiatives are drafted and placed on the ballot by citizen-proponents. In brief, the process involves five basic pre-election steps for placing a citizen-sponsored proposition on the ballot: For a more detailed description of the process and timelines for getting an initiative qualified to appear on a statewide ballot: After collecting sufficient signatures, a petition could be submitted to the Legislature to approve, reject, or amend and approve the measure; if the Legislature failed to act on the initiative within 40 days, the measure would be placed on the next ballot for direct vote by the electorate. For a brief description and history of indirect initiatives: December PDF , at 3. Referenda and Recall Elections In brief, a referendum allows the electorate to veto a law enacted by the Legislature; however, emergency legislation, tax levies, and appropriations are not eligible to be challenged via referendum. Recall elections allow for removal from office of elected state or local officials. Like the process for citizen-sponsored initiative, both the referendum and recall processes require circulation of a petition, validation of a minimum number of petition signatures, followed by preparation of the ballot pamphlet for qualifying measures. Text, Official Analyses and Arguments Currently Pending Measures Initiatives that are pending at any given time include those that have been submitted for title and summary, are being circulated in petition form, have been filed for petition signature verification, or are have qualified for preparation of ballot pamphlet statements. Two places to check for measures that are currently in any of these stages are: Occasionally, due to last-minute developments, a supplemental guide may supersede information about a proposition or may add new propositions; so be sure to check for supplemental pamphlets affecting your proposition. The following sources provide full text of past pamphlets and supplemental guidesâ€” Online!! See Service Update for current status of this database!! UC Hastings Law Library also offers digital images current of the ballot pamphlets. This site appears to be unique in that it shows what statutes or constitutional provisions were affected by the proposition including propositions that did not pass. A83 [] and KFC A83 [] , except missing: A83 [] Failed or Withdrawn Measures For text of propositions that were initiated but which did not wind up on the ballot, either because the petition failed to gain enough signatures or because the proposition was withdrawn, try: This report includes vote percentages but only for those propositions that were approved , and also contains other summary statistical tables. Several prior versions of the above reportâ€”containing generally the same categories of information as in the versionâ€”are also available in print at various libraries on campus, under the previous report title, A History of the California Initiative Process: The county thereafter may destroy the records unless a lawsuit or governmental investigation is pending. Moreover, as a "general rule," once the petitions are filed with county officials, they are not considered public records for purposes of public record requests FOIA-type requests to state agencies. Referenda Despite a recent uptick in use of this device 9 referenda filed in alone, compared to less than 15 per decade since inception, and only 1 or 2 per decade in the 40s, 50s, 60s, 70s and 90s , the history of referenda in California can still be summarized in less than five pages: Similarly, recall elections typically leave no legislative history trail other than the official arguments in the ballot pamphlet. These can be

found in the sources listed above in the section on Text, Analyses and Arguments. For a discussion of the weight of ballot pamphlet arguments and other documents in determining the intent of citizen-sponsored initiative laws including citations to major cases, consult Daniel W. Generally, legislative documents from the State Assembly regarding citizen-sponsored initiatives are not considered to show the intent of the electorate in approving the proposition. Such documents may nevertheless contain useful information. The documents to look for include: The SOR analyses were once publicly available through the Senate web site but now appear to be available only in print; the Library has several editions, and others are also available through the California State Library. As that guide suggests, before diving into legislative history research, consider the role of legislative documents in determining legislative intent as relevant to statutory construction. Similarly, because referenda originate from an ordinary legislative enactment, in addition to the official ballot pamphlet arguments on a referendum, there may be traditional legislative history in the traditional sense that is relevant to your research. To find the citation information for the legislative action underlying the referendum, check the ballot pamphlet section called "Text of the Proposed Law"; in general, the opening paragraph should give the year and bill number as well as the chapter citation from the session laws Statutes and Amendments to the Codes. Then follow the steps outlined in the research guide on Finding California Legislative History to find the legislative history if any of the original legislative action. To find the annotations, of course, you will have to know the codified section number s of any laws affected or added by the proposition. This may be difficult to determine, since the code sections themselves and the indexes to the codes generally will not refer to the proposition number. The language of the proposition itself find by using the sources listed above in section on Text, Analyses and Arguments. Sometimes the proposition itself states what code section s will be changed. Note that re-numbering of code sections at any time after the proposition was approved may mean your proposition is no longer found at the same location; check the Historical Notes section of the annotated code version to see if it shows where your proposition has been renumbered or otherwise removed. As noted above, re-numbering may affect the location. You may be able to use key phrases look for unique or unusual terms from the language of the statute to search a California Codes database. Note that changes to the language of the law at any time after the original proposition was approved may affect your search, so try a number of different keywords and phrases if needed. In addition, for case law regarding litigation about the initiative process itself, including challenges to particular initiative measures, consult the case notes annotations to the provisions creating and governing the ballot proposition processes: Two major sources are: C3 7 B. Witkin, Summary of California Law 10th ed. W56 For a selected, annotated list of books and articles focusing on California ballot measures: H46 You can find additional books by using the following subject headings to search LawCat or other library catalogs: The Secretary of State also maintains some basic statistical reports on past local initiative measures, based on biannual reporting by counties information currently available for to and municipalities information currently available for to For a brief overview and data on usage of the California initiative processes at the local level, try: G67 Research Guides A issue of Legal Reference Services Quarterly was devoted to research guides on initiative and referendum law in 23 states:

Chapter 2 : Berkeley Academic Guide < University of California, Berkeley

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While the street grid seems straightforward at first, many visitors may be surprised by the plethora of barriers in residential neighborhoods that prevent through traffic. Also, some intersections have special turn restrictions for cars but not bicycles. There are several one-way streets near the center of town, and roads in the hills can be difficult to navigate after dark. Automobiles share the road with a great number of bicyclists and pedestrians in town, and drivers should be mindful of bicyclists and pedestrians that seem oblivious to their surroundings. It is better to be safe than sorry! Freeways can be tricky to navigate in Berkeley. Interstate 80, which runs north-south through the west side of town, is actually designated east-west to Sacramento and San Francisco, respectively. It is also signed for Interstate , which runs east-west as well to the Central Valley and San Rafael, respectively. In other words, I west is also I east. Locals sometimes refer to the freeway by its name, the Eastshore Freeway, to prevent confusion. Parking can be difficult and expensive downtown and near Telegraph Avenue. The easiest but most expensive parking is available in parking garages []. Street parking is relatively easy to find during metered hours until 6 p. Monday-Saturday , but it can be near impossible to find a spot during dinner hours. Parking on the university campus is heavily restricted at all times, so be extremely careful to avoid tickets with hefty price tags. Special parking restrictions exist throughout town on Cal football game days, so pay close attention to all posted signs. Be mindful of posted residential parking regulations and street sweeping schedules. Near downtown in particular, residential parking can be completely off-limits to anyone without a special permit. Lastly, be aware that multiple tickets can be issued for the same violation. For example, parking for 1 hour in a minute green zone could result in 2 tickets! By public transit[edit] Like nearby San Francisco, Berkeley is well-served by public transit. Berkeley is served by two lines: The Richmond-Fremont line designated orange on maps but referred to by destination station name operates daily and has timed transfers to all trains in Oakland, providing efficient service to almost every station in the system. The Richmond-Millbrae line designated red on maps but referred to by destination station name operates weekdays until 8 p. Berkeley is served by 3 stations: The Downtown Berkeley stop is located at Shattuck Avenue and Center Street, one block west of the university campus, and is the primary stop for all visitors. Route 51B provides frequent local service connecting most major business districts in town, and Route F provides Transbay service to San Francisco all day. Consult [] for trip planning assistance. Bear Transit [] provides day and night bus service in and around the UC Berkeley campus. The service was contracted to a private operator in , so buses are not as easily identifiable as they once were. By bicycle[edit] It is very popular to get around Berkeley by bicycle. There is an extensive network of bicycle trails, on-street bicycle lanes, and designated bicycle boulevards [] crisscrossing all but the steepest parts of town. Bicycle racks are prevalent throughout town. Bicycle theft is commonplace, so bicycles include frame, tires, and other removable parts should always be locked. U-locks should be used; cable locks are not a sufficient deterrent to theft. Do not take bicycles on the first car at any time or the first three during rush hour. Folding bicycles are allowed without any restrictions. By foot[edit] Berkeley is filled with pedestrian activity, and walking is often the best way to get around downtown and the university campus. Walking is also commonplace elsewhere in town, but distances are sufficiently long enough to make bicycling and public transit more attractive options. There are walking paths located throughout the hills, which allow pedestrians to avoid walking on steep, narrow streets with automobile traffic. By ferry[edit] Ferry service operates between San Francisco and nearby Oakland, but it is not very convenient for visitors to Berkeley. San Francisco Bay Ferry [] plans to run ferry service from San Francisco to Berkeley too, but a dock at the marina has not yet been built and a start date has not been announced. This small museum packs a big punch with high-profile rotating exhibits and its own collection. Housed in a striking modern structure, this museum is affiliated with UC Berkeley. Besides fishing, the pier is popular with sightseers interested in views of the Golden Gate Bridge and San Francisco skyline. Cesar Chavez Park is popular for kites because of the strong

winds off the Bay, and the annual kite festival is held there every July. Opened in 1907, this park is centered around a large rock outcropping, and steps carved into the side lead to striking vistas of San Francisco Bay, the Golden Gate Bridge, and surrounding areas. The park is popular with beginning rock climbers during the day, and sunsets are a popular time for friends and couples to visit. Box office daily 11am-5pm. With one of the most extensive film archives in the world, the PFA offers presents film series focusing on directors, eras, and artistic movements. This historically significant space, a landmark of the 1940s Free Speech Movement, is a lightning rod of debate within the local community. The Campanile, which opened in 1889, is a foot tower that is easily identifiable from miles away. Visitors ride an elevator to the top observation deck for sweeping views of Berkeley and San Francisco Bay. A longer performance is held every Sunday at 2pm. The bells can be heard across campus. One of the oldest parks in the entire San Francisco Bay Area, Tilden Park offers a variety of recreational activities. Several miles of hiking trails cater to all skill levels, and some offer striking vistas of Berkeley, San Francisco Bay, and nearby undeveloped hills. Popular paid attractions include a steam train, merry-go-round carousel, and swimming at Lake Anza. The Brazilian Building is a popular venue for weddings, and there is a golf course too see separate listing. Student ambassadors lead walking tours daily Mon-Sat 10am, Sun 1pm, and group and self-guided tours are also available. Daily 10am-5pm, closed first Tue each month. Located in the hills above the UC Berkeley campus, the UC Botanical Garden not to be confused with the botanical garden in Tilden Park is an outdoor museum, park, and biological research facility for the university. The 12-acre garden hosts over 12,000 species of plant life. Docent-led tours, which are included with admission, are offered on Thursdays, Saturdays, and Sundays at 1: The famous punk rock club known simply by its address, Gilman is open to all ages and prides itself in its non-profit, straight-edge, DIY approach to art and music. Shows are typically held Friday and Saturday evenings. Box office Tue-Sun noon-7pm. Producing consistently high-quality productions of contemporary and historical plays since its founding in 1928, the Berkeley Rep is a primary center of theater on the West Coast. The theater is pleasantly modern. Blue and gold are safe bets, but Stanford colors red and white are not recommended. Golden Gate Fields is the only horse racing track still open in the Bay Area. Dollar Days on Sundays are a popular time to come out for a leisurely day of spectating and gambling. This striking outdoor amphitheater, nestled into a hill on the UC Berkeley campus, attracts big name concerts and other events. Daily noon-6pm, 11am-5pm Sundays in winter. A selection of sake and plum wines is available in an attractive tasting room, and a video describing sake production is shown. The sake museum features the only display of sake-making artifacts and implements in America. This hole, par 70 public golf course opened in 1971. The course also features a 3-tier driving range and bar and grill. They host performances in an acoustically rich seat concert hall almost every day of the year from free festivals to internationally known headliners. This world-class university is consistently ranked as the best public university in the country. The university has study abroad programs, and international students typically choose to stay at the appropriately named International House or "I House" as it is typically called. Extension classes are available to the general public [21]. The chamber of commerce provides business resources and events. Buy[edit][add listing] Large chain stores have only a minor presence in Berkeley, except for the ubiquitous drug stores, so shopping has a unique local flavor to it. They specialize in fine wooden toys, educational, imaginative, building, books, arts and crafts, and toys from around the world. Limited parking, so arriving by BART, bus, bike, or foot is easiest. Excellent produce market features prepared foods, performers, and booths for local organizations. See website for details. Quirky game shop carries an extensive selection of board and card games, game-related accessories and figurines, kites, and puzzles. Hosts free board game nights every Tuesday. A small shop offering a wide variety of hot sauces, chile powders, and bbq sauces. An emphasis on locally made products. Free tastings are offered everyday. Mon-Thu 9ampm, Fri-Sat 9am Hosts occasional literary events. The annual calendar sale starts every January 1 is extremely popular. The North Berkeley location Solano Ave stocks slightly different books and periodicals but also participates in the calendar sale. Occasional free live performances. A lively flea market swap meet, also includes food trucks and drumming circles.

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Chapter 4 : UC Berkeley visiting professor of religious studies Huston Smith dies at 97 | The Daily Californian

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Chapter 5 : California Ballot Measures

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Chapter 7 : Statistics by Health Topic - Health Statistics & Data - Library Guides at UC Berkeley

Compare programs, find detailed degree requirements, discover faculty research specialties, and learn more about the unparalleled academic opportunities available to you at UC Berkeley.

Chapter 8 : Codornices Park (Berkeley) - All You Need to Know BEFORE You Go (with Photos) - TripAdvisor

California Ballot Measure Guides These guides contain concise descriptions of ballot measures including non-partisan analyses, official voter information, background materials, pro-and-con websites, newspaper articles and editorials, opinion polls, political endorsements, and financial contribution records.

Chapter 9 : Berkeley (California) - Wikitravel

Listen to radio stations from Berkeley CA, from a wide variety of genres like Adult Contemporary, Electronica, News, Rock and Talk. Enjoy stations such as KBLX - KBLX-FM, æ~Yâ³¶ā, -æ-ţé»â° - KVTO, KPFA - KPFA, KALX, Berkeley Liberation Radio and more.